Annual Noise Monitoring Assessment

Miller's Quarry Forbes, NSW October 2023



Document Information

Annual Noise Monitoring Assessment

Miller's Quarry

Forbes, NSW

October 2023

Prepared for: Regional Quarries Australia Pty Limited

Prepared by: Muller Acoustic Consulting Pty Ltd

PO Box 678, Kotara NSW 2289

ABN: 36 602 225 132

P: +61 2 4920 1833

www.mulleracoustic.com

DOCUMENT ID	DATE	PREPARED	SIGNED	REVIEWED	SIGNED
MAC231914-05RP1	30 October 2023	Nicholas Shipman	N. Sym	Oliver Muller	al

DISCLAIMER

All documents produced by Muller Acoustic Consulting Pty Ltd (MAC) are prepared for a particular client's requirements and are based on a specific scope, circumstances and limitations derived between MAC and the client. Information and/or report(s) prepared by MAC may not be suitable for uses other than the original intended objective. No parties other than the client should use or reproduce any information and/or report(s) without obtaining permission from MAC. Any information and/or documents prepared by MAC is not to be reproduced, presented or reviewed except in full.



CONTENTS

1	INTR	ODUCTION5
2	DEFA	ULT NOISE LIMITS7
3	METH	HODOLOGY9
	3.1	LOCALITY9
	3.2	ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY9
4	RESU	ILTS11
	4.1	METEOROLOGICAL CONDITIONS
	4.2	ASSESSMENT RESULTS - LOCATION NM1
	4.3	ASSESSMENT RESULTS - LOCATION NM2
5	DISC	USSION
	5.1	DISCUSSION OF RESULTS – LOCATION NM1
	5.2	DISCUSSION OF RESULTS – LOCATION NM2
6	CON	CLUSION

APPENDIX A – GLOSSARY OF TERMS





1 Introduction

Muller Acoustic Consulting Pty Ltd (MAC) has been commissioned by Regional Quarries Australia Pty Limited (Regional Quarries) to complete a Noise Monitoring Assessment (NMA) for the Miller's Quarry (the quarry), Forbes, NSW.

The NMA involved quantifying the noise contribution of the quarry by direct attended measurements to determine quarry noise emissions so that effective management and controls can be implemented where required. It is noted that this assessment has been completed as part of an internal noise management initiative and does not form part of the noise monitoring program to address conditions of the Environmental Protection License (EPL).

The assessment has been conducted in accordance with the following documents:

- NSW Environment Protection Authority (EPA), Noise Policy for Industry (NPI), 2017;
- NSW Environment Protection Authority (EPA's), Approved Methods for the measurement and analysis of environmental noise in NSW, 2022;
- Environment Protection Licence EPL 1474 (EPL);
- Standards Australia AS/NZS IEC 61672.1-2019-Electroacoustics Sound level meters –
 Specifications; and
- Standards Australia AS 1055:2018 Acoustics Description and measurement of environmental noise - General Procedures.

A glossary of terms, definitions and abbreviations used in this report is provided in Appendix A.





2 Default Noise Limits

Table 1 reproduces the operational noise limits for the two nearest residential assessed receivers. It is noted that Miller's Quarry does not have noise related criteria within the EPL. Therefore, minimum assumed background levels (as per Section 2.3 of the NPI) have been adopted to establish Project Noise Trigger Levels (PNTLs) for this NMA per Table 2.1 referenced from the NPI and is considered conservative.

Table 1 Noise Limits, dBA								
Receivers	Receiver Address ¹	Adopted	Day Period ² PNTL					
Neceiveis	Neceivel Address	RBL, LA90	LAeq(15min)					
NM1	225 Gaymards Lane, Forbes, NSW, 2871	٥٢	40					
NM2	23 Allbett Lane, Forbes, NSW, 2871	35	40					

Note 1: Receiver addresses are considered the two nearest receivers to Miller's Quarry.

 $Note \ 2: Day - the period from \ 7am \ to \ 6pm \ Monday \ to \ Saturday \ or \ 8am \ to \ 6pm \ on \ Sunday \ and \ public \ holidays; \ Evening - the period \ from \ 6pm \ to \ 10pm; \ Night - the \ remaining \ periods.$





3 Methodology

3.1 Locality

Miller's Quarry is located at 191 Gaymards Lane, Forbes, NSW. Receivers in the locality surrounding the quarry are primarily rural/residential. The two nearest residential receivers have been assessed for this NMA and monitoring locations with respect to the quarry are presented in the locality plan shown in Figure 1.

3.2 Assessment Methodology

The attended noise survey was conducted in general accordance with the procedures described in Standards Australia AS 1055:2018, "Acoustics - Description and Measurement of Environmental Noise" and the EPL. Measurements were carried out using a Svantek Type 1, 971 noise analyser on Tuesday 10 October 2023. The acoustic instrumentation used carries appropriate and current NATA (or manufacturer) calibration certificates with records of all calibrations maintained by MAC as per Approved Methods for the measurement and analysis of environmental noise in NSW (EPA, 2022) and complies with AS/NZS IEC 61672.1-2019-Electroacoustics - Sound level meters - Specifications. Calibration of all instrumentation was checked prior to and following measurements. Drift in calibration did not exceed ±0.5dBA.

Daytime measurements were of 15-minutes in duration. Where possible, throughout each survey the operator quantified the contribution of each significant noise source. Extraneous noise sources were excluded from the analysis to calculate the LAeq(15min) quarry noise contribution for comparison against the relevant noise criteria.

Prevailing meteorological conditions for the monitoring period were sourced from the nearest Bureau of Meteorology (BoM) station (Forbes Airport AWS, NSW, no.65103). Results obtained during non-prevailing meteorological conditions (ie F Class Stability in conjunction with a 2m/s drainage or G Class Stability) are considered not applicable against relevant criteria.

Where the quarry is inaudible, the contribution is estimated to be at least 10dBA below the ambient noise level.





4 Results

The monitoring and assessment results are presented in individual tables for each assessment location.

4.1 Meteorological Conditions

Weather data for the noise assessment was sourced from the nearest BoM Station (no.65103) as well as operator measured conditions on site at nominated receiver locations. The data was used to determine prevailing meteorological conditions at the time of the attended measurements, which are presented in **Table 2**.

Table 2 Prevailing Meteorological Conditions						
	Bureau of Meteorol	ogy Station	Operator Measured Weather			
D 0 T	Forbes Airport AV	WS, NSW	Monitoring Location			
Date & Time	(no.65103	3)	(1.8m AGL)			
	Wind Direction	Wind (m/s)	Wind Direction	Wind (m/s)		
10/10/2023 11:57	SW	2.4	S	0.2		
10/10/2023 12:17	SSE	1.6	S	0.6		

4.2 Assessment Results - Location NM1

The results of the attended noise measurements at location NM1 for the October 2023 survey are summarised in **Table 3** with the adopted limits, the calculated quarry noise contribution and prevailing meteorological conditions at the time of each measurement.

Table 3 Operator-Attended Noise Survey Results – Location NM1							
т.		Descriptor			Limit		Description and CDL alDA
Date	Time	(dB	BA re 20 µPa)		(PNTL)	Meteorology ¹	Description and SPL, dBA
	(hrs)	LAmax	LAeq	LA90	LAeq (15 mins)		
						WD: S	Birds 34-58
10/10/0000	11:57	٥٢	00	20	40		Traffic 30-85
10/10/2023	(Day) ²	85 62	62	62 30	40	WS: 0.2m/s	Livestock 26-30
					Rain: Nil	Quarry Mobile Plant 26-34	
Miller's Quarry LAeq(15min) Contribution						30	

Note 1: Meteorological data obtained from direct measurement by the operator.

Note 2: Day – the period from 7am to 6pm Monday to Saturday or 8am to 6pm on Sunday and public holidays.



4.3 Assessment Results - Location NM2

The results of the attended noise measurements at location NM2 for the October 2023 survey are summarised in **Table 4** with the adopted limits, the calculated quarry noise contribution and prevailing meteorological conditions at the time of each measurement.

Table 4 Operator-Attended Noise Survey Results – Location NM2							
Date Time (hrs)	Timo	Descriptor			Limit	Meteorology ¹	
		(dBA re 20 µPa)		(PNTL)	Description and SPL, dBA		
	(1115)	LAmax	LAeq	LA90	LAeq (15 mins)		
							Livestock 34-40
12:1: 10/10/2023		59 40	40) 29	40	WD: S WS: 0.6m/s	Birds 32-59
	12:18						Wind in vegetation 28-30
10/10/2023	(Day) ²		40		40	Rain: Nil	Traffic 28-34
						raiii. mi	Dog bark 27-31
							Quarry Mobile Plant 27-36
Miller's Quarry LAeq(15min) Contribution					31		

Note 1: Meteorological data obtained from direct measurement by the operator.

Note 2: Day – the period from 7am to 6pm Monday to Saturday or 8am to 6pm on Sunday and public holidays.



5 Discussion

5.1 Discussion of Results - Location NM1

Monitoring conducted on Tuesday 10 October 2023 identified that noise emissions from quarry mobile plant were audible during the assessment period at location NM1. The estimated quarry contribution was measured at 30dBA, therefore quarry emissions remained below the adopted PNTL (criteria) of 40dB LAeq(15min). Extraneous sources such as birds, traffic and livestock were audible during the measurement period.

5.2 Discussion of Results – Location NM2

Monitoring conducted on Tuesday 10 October 2023 identified that noise emissions from quarry mobile plant were audible during the assessment period at location NM2. The estimated quarry contribution was measured at 31dBA, therefore quarry emissions remained below the adopted PNTL (criteria) of 40dB LAeq(15min). Extraneous sources such as birds, livestock, dog barking, traffic and wind in vegetation were audible during the measurement period.





6 Conclusion

Muller Acoustic Consulting Pty Ltd (MAC) has completed a Noise Monitoring Assessment (NMA) on behalf of Regional Quarries Australia Pty Limited. The assessment was completed to provide annual monitoring data so that Miller's Quarry can actively quantify and manage site noise emissions.

Attended monitoring conducted on Tuesday 10 October 2023 identified that Miller's Quarry noise emissions were audible on both occasions during the attended measurement period. A review of monitoring data and operator attended observations determined that Miller's Quarry contributions remained below the adopted PNTL (criteria) during the monitoring period.





Appendix A – Glossary of Terms



A number of technical terms have been used in this report and are explained in **Table A1**.

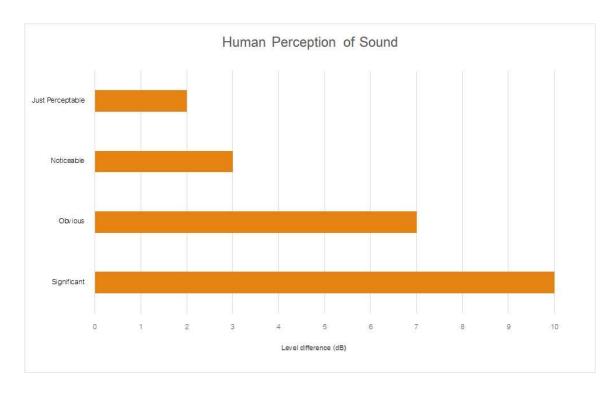
Term	Description			
1/3 Octave	Single octave bands divided into three parts			
Octave	A division of the frequency range into bands, the upper frequency limit of each band being			
	twice the lower frequency limit.			
ABL	Assessment Background Level (ABL) is defined in the NPI as a single figure background			
	level for each assessment period (day, evening and night). It is the tenth percentile of the			
	measured L90 statistical noise levels.			
Ambient Noise	The total noise associated with a given environment. Typically, a composite of sounds from al			
	sources located both near and far where no particular sound is dominant.			
A Weighting	A standard weighting of the audible frequencies designed to reflect the response of the			
	human ear to sound.			
Background Noise	The underlying level of noise present in the ambient noise, excluding the noise source under			
	investigation, when extraneous noise is removed. This is usually represented by the LA90			
	descriptor			
dBA	Noise is measured in units called decibels (dB). There are several scales for describing			
	noise, the most common being the 'A-weighted' scale. This attempts to closely approximate			
	the frequency response of the human ear.			
dB(Z), dB(L)	Decibels Z-weighted or decibels Linear (unweighted).			
Extraneous Noise	Sound resulting from activities that are not typical of the area.			
Hertz (Hz)	The measure of frequency of sound wave oscillations per second - 1 oscillation per second			
	equals 1 hertz.			
LA10	A sound level which is exceeded 10% of the time.			
LA90	Commonly referred to as the background noise, this is the level exceeded 90% of the time.			
LAeq	Represents the average noise energy or equivalent sound pressure level over a given period.			
LAmax	The maximum sound pressure level received at the microphone during a measuring interval.			
Masking	The phenomenon of one sound interfering with the perception of another sound.			
	For example, the interference of traffic noise with use of a public telephone on a busy street.			
RBL	The Rating Background Level (RBL) as defined in the NPI, is an overall single figure			
	representing the background level for each assessment period over the whole monitoring			
	period. The RBL, as defined is the median of ABL values over the whole monitoring period.			
Sound power level	This is a measure of the total power radiated by a source in the form of sound and is given by			
(Lw or SWL)	10.log10 (W/Wo). Where W is the sound power in watts to the reference level of 10^{-12} watts.			
Sound pressure level	the level of sound pressure; as measured at a distance by a standard sound level meter.			
(Lp or SPL)	This differs from Lw in that it is the sound level at a receiver position as opposed to the sound			
	'intensity' of the source.			



Table A2 provides a list of common noise sources and their typical sound level.

Table A2 Common Noise Sources and Their Typical Sound Pressure Levels (SPL), dBA						
Source	Typical Sound Pressure Level					
Threshold of pain	140					
Jet engine	130					
Hydraulic hammer	120					
Chainsaw	110					
Industrial workshop	100					
Lawn-mower (operator position)	90					
Heavy traffic (footpath)	80					
Elevated speech	70					
Typical conversation	60					
Ambient suburban environment	40					
Ambient rural environment	30					
Bedroom (night with windows closed)	20					
Threshold of hearing	0					

Figure A1 – Human Perception of Sound





Muller Acoustic Consulting Pty Ltd PO Box 678, Kotara NSW 2289

ABN: 36 602 225 132 Ph: +61 2 4920 1833 www.mulleracoustic.com

